Management of SWQTS Assets at MW

16 April 2024





Stormwater Quality Treatment System function

Treatment of stormwater delivered via 3 mechanisms:

- Physical (sedimentation and filtration)
- Biological uptake
- Chemical (adsorption and reaction)

Removal of pollutants to BPEM standard:

- Nitrogen (45%)*
- Phosphorus (45%)
- Sediment (80%)
- Gross pollutants (litter) (70%)



Asset base:

Number of Constructed Wetland systems: ~215

Wetland cells: 459 (approx. area 400-500 ha)

Sediment ponds: 542 INSERVICE (approx. 64 ha)

Bio-retention systems: 30

Urban Lakes: 171

*Nitrogen is the currency of the Stormwater Offset Program, as it is typically the limiting pollutant e.g., if nitrogen targets are achieved, then phosphorus and suspended solids targets are also achieved.

Melbourne Water's waterways and drainage system



Melbourne Water's asset base

Assets

Number of SWQTS: >400

Number of Constructed Wetland systems: ~215

Wetland cells: 459 (approx. area 400-500 ha)

Sediment ponds: 525 (approx. 64 ha)

Bio-retention systems: 30

Urban Lakes: 171

Asset Lifecycle Management Framework



Whole of lifecycle asset management

Pricing Determination/WDIP									
Monitoring		SWQTS Maintenance	Wetland renewal or rectification						
Asset Condition and assessment		Asset Maintenance Maintain hydrology Inlet/outlet 	Sediment management program	Re-set at end of lifeRectify failed assets					
1) 2)	Initial risk assessment Annual condition	inspect and clean	Corrective Maintenance Program	Minor capital	Major capital				
3)	Veg assessment - Triennial assessment of vegetation extent and density of all waterbodies using IR	structures		LOW RISK Minimal design	Righ Risk Complex design				
		 Maintain aquatic and riparian vegetation 		Low cost	High cost				
		 Maintain litter traps, grilles and grates 		Low complexity	High complexity				
4) 5)	satellite imagery. Data captured during regular maintenance (meters) Pre/Post rectification hydrologic monitoring	Maintain amenity							

Initial assessment & maintenance strategy determination

Consequence of failure										
Mator Quality	Level of Service Nitrogen Beduction	< 0.3 Tonne Nitrogen Reduction	0	0						
water opdanty	Cost to Replace Vegetation	Cost \$ < 100 K	0							
			Tot Conrequence of Failure WQ :	0						
Community	Safety	Paths or Boardwalks <20m from Waterbody	2	2						
Commaniky	Community amenity	Residential and Interactive	2	2						
Conrequence Overall	0.324	、	Tot Conrequence of Failure Community	0.324						
	Pro	bability of failure								
	Online/offline	Online	2	2						
Water Quality	Design - inlet	No Bypass	2							
	Design - outlet	Pit with Orifice	2							
			Tot Probability of Failure WQ	1.666						
Communitu	Community safety	Paths or Boardwalks <20m from Waterbody	2	2						
Commanity	Level of Community access	High	2	-						
Probability Overrall	2	2		0.334						
	Risk = Consequence	of failure X Probability of failure								
	Level of Risk									
Wa Rink -Wa Consequences XWa Penkaf Failare	Water Quality Risk Combined	0.0000	Lou Rick							
Can Rình-Can Canargaraar X Can Prahaf Failarr	Community Risk Combined	4.0000	High Birk							
Tal Riak – Tal Casargaraar X Tal Prak of failerr	Overall Risk Combined	0.6480	Medium Risk							

Maintenance: What, where, when

e e	freese ressessment combined		free concernence conferent free		an environment i comprission		foreces trom probability		C
Location ID	DWQS636	Location Description	SUMERFIELD ESTATE RB	Assessed Level of Risk	Medium Risk	Region	North West	GL Account:- Service Contact:-	539 WLID-WC01
Assets with in DWQS	Asset ID (GIS Files)	Council Identification for Amenity/CM	Number of Structures						
-	(Select from Dropdow) ((Select from Dropdown) (Select from Dropdown)	(Enter Data Below)		(Enter Data Below)
Wetland Cells	6	Uouncil Maintenance Agreement Veg Management frequency (uisits per appum)	5	Number of Inlet Controls	2	Inlet Location ID	0	Outlet Location ID	1106/out001
Litter Traps	1	Litter and Debris Removal for amenity as specified by Council	2	Number of Outlet Structure	8	no structural inlet to link the PM to, please put the waterbody Location ID e.g. DWL234			
Number of Grilles And Grates (does not include inlet & outlet structures)	1	Litter Trap Frequency Defined by CM	1	Litter Trap use DWQS Location ID	DLT100				

Location type that PM will be created on	Location ID	PM Activity	Maximo Activity	Frequency/An num	Monthly Frequency	Crew NRM/Civil	Budget Number	Template Job Plan (listed as INACTIVE)	PM Description	
DWQS System	DWQS636	Condition Inspection	INSPECT	1	12 Months	NRM	100519	JP101579	DWQS636 - Condition Inspection - SOMERFIELD ESTATE RB WETLAND WQS - Every 12 Months	
Inlet	0	Inlet Inspect and Clean	DEBRIS/LIT	2	6 Months	CIV	100519	JP101582	PM Not Required CM as Needed	
Outlet	1106/out001	Outlet Inspect and Clean	DEBRIS/LIT	12	1 Months	CIV	100519	JP101582	DWQS636 - Outlet Inspect and Clean - SOMERFIELD ESTATE RB WETLAND WQS (1106/out001) - Every 1 Mor	
DWQS	DWQS636	Vegetation Management - Civil Structure	WEEDCONTRO	0	0 Months	NRM	100519	JP101584	PM Not Required CM as needed	
DWQS	DWQS636	Vegetation Management - (inc CALP weeds)- Safety	WEEDCONTRO	4	3 Months	NRM	100519	JP101585	DWQS636 - Vegetation Management - (inc CALP weeds)- Safety - SOMERFIELD ESTATE RB WETLAND WQ	
DWQS	DWQS636	Veg Management - (Inc CALP weeds)- Amenity	WEEDCONTRO	1	12 Months	NRM	100520	JP101585	DWQS636 - Veg Management - (Inc CALP weeds)- Amenity - SOMERFIELD ESTATE RB WETLAND WQS - E	
DWQS	DWQS636	Grilles and Grates - Debris/Litter Collection	DEBRIS/LIT	4	3 Months	CIV	100519	JP101583	DWQS636 - Grilles and Grates - Debris/Litter Collection - SOMERFIELD ESTATE RB WETLAND WQS - Every	
DLT	DLT100	Litter Trap - Litter and Debris Removal	DEBRIS/LIT	1	12 Months	NRM	100519	JP101580	DWQS636 - Litter Trap - Litter and Debris Removal - SOMERFIELD ESTATE RB WETLAND WQS (DLT100) - E	
DWQS	DWQS636	Litter and Debris Removal - Amenity	DEBRIS/LIT	2	6 Months	CIV	100520	JP101581	DWQS636 - Litter and Debris Removal - Amenity - SOMERFIELD ESTATE RB WETLAND WQS - Every 6 Mor	

Wetland condition assessment



Monitoring

- Remote sensing of vegetation to monitor extent and density of vegetation
- Hydrology program
 - loggers installed in approximately 63 sites (33 systems) for diagnostic monitoring
 - monitoring post civil works for rectification projects
 - Use of AI to interpret hydrographs and identify maintenance activities (trial)
- Sediment pond monitoring



Sediment pond assessment



Sediment pond network capacity - percentage full vs asset size

	Percent Full									
DST Area (m²)	NA	<5%	5 to 25%	26 to 50%	51 to 80%	>80%	Total			
0-1,000	5	32	59	64	83	162	405			
1,001-2,500		11	38	23	37	17	126			
2,501-5,000		1	14	15	7	4	41			
5,001-12,000			3	1		2	6			
12,001-35,000			1	1			2			
Total	5	44	115	104	127	185	580			

Applying the MW Asset Management Framework



Criticality and Risk Driving Maintenance Decision-making



Criticality and Risk Driving Maintenance Decision-making





Outputs



Maintenance program considerations

Seek to understand

- Site and asset condition

What are you trying to protect?

- Water quality
- Habitat
- Cultural values
- Amenity
- Flooding

Maintenance program considerations

Constraints

- Budget
- Disposal cost industrial waste priority waste (Category A, B, C, D or Cleanfill, +/- asbestos)
- Network capacity e.g. sediment pond fill frequency design vs reality
- Works delivery online/offline
- Available space, and space constraints (slope, public accessibility)
- Seasonality of maintenance works asset dependent
- Prioritisation process what are you trying to protect?

Thank you

Insert contact details here if required